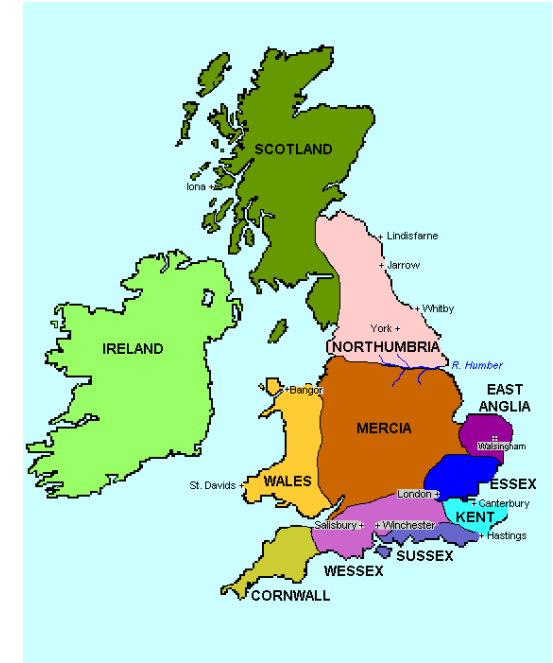


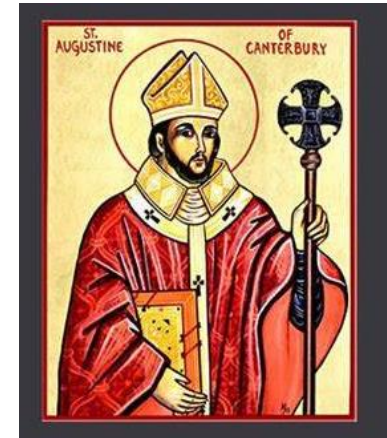
**Where did the Anglo-Saxons come from?**

The Romans left Britain in 410 due to fierce tribes attacking Italy and every soldier was needed back at home to defend the country. Without an army of its own, it left the country vulnerable to attackers. The Anglo-Saxons came from Denmark, Netherlands and northern Germany across the North Sea in wooden boats. They conquered England but failed to conquer Scotland, Wales and Cornwall (an area of south-west England).

# Anglo-Saxons



Vocabulary	Definition	Vocabulary	Definition
Angles, Saxons, Jutes	A group of tribes from Denmark and Germany.	Legacy	Anglo-Saxons left a legacy which included the language we speak, our culture and politics.
Settlement	Moving somewhere to live or the name for a small town or village.	Invasion	To march aggressively into someone else's land and try to take it or all its resources from them.
Christianity	The religion based on the person and teachings of Jesus.	Chronology	The order that things happen in.
Vikings	A group of people coming from Denmark, Sweden and Norway.	History	The study of things that happened in the past.
Tallow	Animal fat used for making candles.	Billhook	A small tool used by Anglo-Saxon farmers.
Einkorn	A type of wheat.	County	A group of towns and cities that have its own local government.



Saint Augustine

-   
**410 AD**  
 Roman rule in Britain ends
-   
**459 AD**  
 Angles and Saxons invade
-   
**597 AD**  
 Augustine comes to spread Christianity
-   
**616 AD**  
 First Christian English king
-   
**633 AD**  
 Lindisfarne monastery built
-   
**731 AD**  
 Bede finishes his 'History of England'
-   
**789 AD**  
 First recorded Viking attack
-   
**793 AD**  
 Viking raid on Lindisfarne
-   
**867-878 AD**  
 Series of big Viking victories
-   
**886 AD**  
 Vikings and Alfred divide England
-   
**899 AD**  
 King Alfred dies
-   
**1066 AD**  
 Battle of Hastings - Norman rule