

Natural Resources

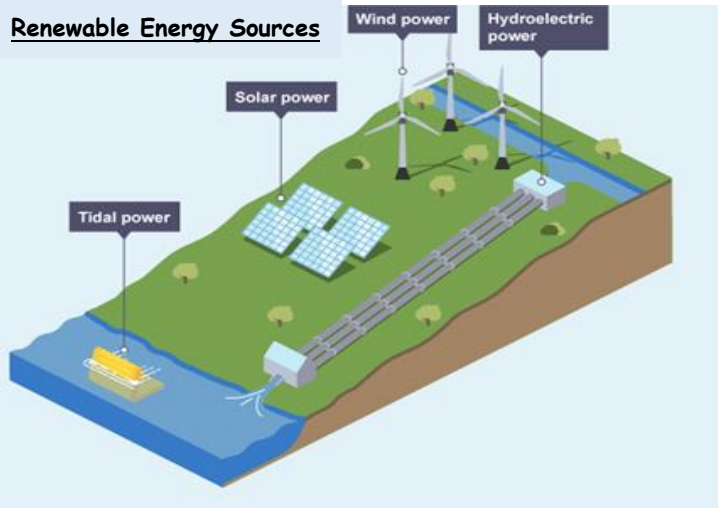
10 Important Natural Resources

Natural Resource	What is it?	What is it usually used for?
Phosphorite	Rock	Fertiliser
Uranium	Metal	Nuclear energy
Coltan	Metal	Electronic devices
Cobalt	Metal	Making engines
Coal, oil and natural gas	Fossil fuels	Energy
Soil	Biomass	Agriculture (farming)
Iron (Fe)	Metal	To make stainless steel (for example in knives and forks)
Air	Mixture of gases	Breathing and photosynthesis
Water	Liquid	Sustaining life of the planet
Timber	Biomass	Building homes and burning for fuel

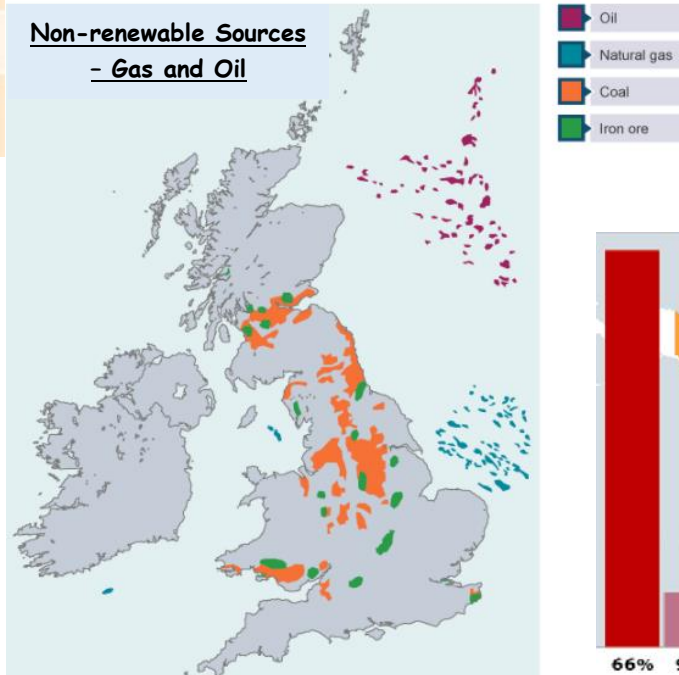
Keywords

Natural resources	Materials that exist in the natural environment that are useful to humans. Most natural resources are unevenly distributed and exhaustible.
Exhaustible / non-renewable	A material that is exhaustible will run out and not last forever. It is non-renewable.
Consumption	The action of using a resource.
Abundance	A large quantity of a material.
Scarcity	A short supply of a material.
Fossil fuels	Coal, oil and gas. These are formed from the remains of plants and animals, that are changed into fossil fuels by millions of years of heat and pressure. They are non-renewable, exhaustible sources of energy..
Renewable	A material that will keep being generated, such as fish and forests. (Renewable resources can become exhaustible without careful management.)
Lucrative	Making lots of money.
Extraction	The removal of something, such as a natural resource.
Mining	The process of taking a natural resource out of the ground. It usually refers to the extraction of metals, stones and coal.

Renewable Energy Sources



Non-renewable Sources - Gas and Oil



Where are the world's oil reserves?

